LABEL NOT REVIEWED

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Classified for "RESTRICTED USE"

in New York State under 6NYCRR Part 326

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Division of Solid & Hazardous Materials Pesticide Product Registration BROADLEAF HERBICIDE

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170.

Controls Dandelion, Clover, Knotweed, Henbit, Chickweed, Plantain, Spurge and many other broadleaf weeds.

ONE GALLON COVERS UP TO 2.5 ACRES

KEEP FROM FREEZING

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Dimethylamine salt of	
2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	30.56%
Dimethylamine salt of (+)-(R)-2-	
(2 methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid	8.17%
Dimethylamine salt of dicamba:	
3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid	2.77%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	58.50%
TOTAL	100 000/

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

2.38 lbs. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 25.38%. 0.63 lb. (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 6.75%. 0.21 lb. 3.6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent

Isomer Specific by AOAC Methods.

per gallon or 2.30%.

TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER-PELIGRO

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If vou do not understand the label, find some one to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside pages for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use (including First Aid, Agricultural Use Requirements, and Storage and Disposal).

992/9-2009 AP042809 EPA REG. NO. 2217-656 EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1





NET CONTENTS: 2.5 U.S. GALLONS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- protective eyewear,
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- · shoes and socks.
- · chemical-resistant gloves and
- chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or on clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,
- · chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any water-proof material,
- protective eyewear.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Reentry Statement: Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

SOD FARMS:

Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide is intended for use on sod farms. Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide provides selective broadleaf control in warm season and cool season turfgrass established for commercial sod production.

APPLICATION SCHEDULES FOR SOD FARMS:

Apply Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide to broadleaf weeds that are actively growing. Follow-up applications may be required for dense infestations of perennial and biennial weeds. Do not apply this product to 'Floratam' St. Augustinegrass.

NEWLY SEEDED AREAS:

The application of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide to grass seedlings is recommended after the second mowing.

NEWLY SODDED, SPRIGGED, OR PLUGGED AREAS:

The application of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations. Also, applications to dormant bermudagrass, dormant zoysiagrass, and dormant bahiagrass are suggested.

APPLICATION RATES FOR SOD FARMS:

Dosage rates and spray volume recommendations of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide for use in commercial sod production are presented in Table 1.

Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds beyond the appropriate growth stages.

Species	Amount of Product Pints/Acre	Spray Volume Gallons/Acre
Cool Season Turf		
Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass Fescue <i>spp</i> .	3.0 to 4.0	5 to 175
Creeping Bentgrass	1.8	5 to 175
Warm Season Turf		
Common Bermudagrass Hybrid Bermudagrass Bahiagrass Zoysiagrass St. Augustinegrass	2.0 to 2.5	5 to 175

ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFGRASS:

WHERE TO USE:

Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide is intended to be applied by lawn care operators and landscape personnel for use in ornamental lawns and turf established in institutional, ornamental, and residential/domestic sites. Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses, and office buildings. Ornamental sites include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings. Finally, residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.

HOW MUCH TO USE:

For Kentucky Bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial Ryegrass, Bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass:

Apply 3.0 to 4.0 pints of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide per acre with spray volumes ranging from 5 to 220 gallons per acre. Or, apply 1.1 to 1.5 fluid ounces of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide per 1,000 square feet with spray volumes ranging from 0.5 to 5.0 gallons per 1,000 square feet of turf. For mature

weeds, apply 3.25 to 4.0 pints of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide per acre. The best time to control clover is in the fall. When making a spring application to control clover a 4 pints per acre rate is recommended.

For Closely Managed Bentgrass:

Apply a maximum rate of 1.8 pints of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide per acre with spray volumes greater than 145 gallons per acre. The equivalent application rate would be 1.0 fluid ounce of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide mixed with 5.0 gallons of water and applied to 1,500 square feet.

Note: Care should be taken to avoid overdosing bentgrass or injury may result. High spray volumes will provide uniform coverage.

For St. Augustinegrass:

Apply 2.3 pints of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide per acre with spray volumes ranging from 40 to 150 gallons per acre. The equivalent application rate would be 1.3 fluid ounces of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide in 5.0 gallons of water per 1,500 square feet.

Do not spray St. Augustinegrass when stressed from heat or drought. Slight turf yellowing should disappear after about one week. Cultivars vary in tolerance to this product. Do not apply this product to 'Floratam' St. Augustinegrass. Note: Care should be taken to avoid overdosing St. Augustinegrass or injury may result. High spray volumes will provide uniform coverage.

Refer to the chart below for additional application instructions.

APPLICATION METHODS	REMARKS	
A. Kentucky Bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial Ryegrass, Bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass.		
Conventional Equipment:	Use 5 to 80 gallons of water per acre. (0.5 to 2.0 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet.)	
Professional Lawn Maintenance:	Use 0.5 to 5.0 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet. Higher spray volumes may be used when tank mixed with a turf fertilizer. Follow fertilizer labels for proper amounts to add.	
Controlled Droplet Applicators (CDA):	Reduced rates of Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide must be used when grass is stressed from heat or drought. Add 2.0 pints Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide to the Herbi container then fill with 3.0 pints of water. Keeping the container agitated, spray entire contents over 33,000 square feet (approximately 0.75 acre). Do not overlap between spray patterns. Do not use this application rate on warm season grasses.	
B. Closely Managed Bentgrass.		
	On closely managed bentgrass (e.g. bowling greens) apply Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide at a maximum rate of 1.0 fluid ounce in 5.0 gallons of water per 1,500 square feet preferably in May or mid-August through September. Slight turf yellowing will disappear after about one (1) week. (See Note.) (cont. on next page)	

C. St. Augustinegrass.	
	Apply Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide at 2.3 pints in up to 150 gallons of water per acre (1.3 fluid ounces Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide in 5.0 gallons of water per 1,500 square feet). Do not spray St. Augustinegrass when stressed from heat or drought. Slight turf yellowing should disappear after about one (1) week. (See Note.)

Note: Care should be taken to avoid overdosing bentgrass and St. Augustinegrass or injury may result. High spray volumes will aid in obtaining uniform coverage.

Trimec® 992 Broadleaf Herbicide Controls:

BROADLEAF WEEDS

	Ditorible/ii Welbo	
annual fleabane aster, white heath & white prairie bedstraw beggarticks beggarweed, creeping bindweed birdsfoot trefoil black medic broadleaf plantain buckhorn plantain bull thistle burclover burdock, common buttercup, creeping Carolina geranium carpetweed chickweed, common chicory cinquefoil clover cocklebur compassplant curly dock	dovefoot geranium English daisy false dandelion (*spotted catsear & common catsear) field bindweed (*morningglory & creeping jenny) field madder field oxeye-daisy (*creeping oxeye) field pennycress filaree, whitestem & redstem Florida pusley ground ivy groundsel hairy bittercress hawkweed healall henbit horsenettle horseweed innocence (Blue-eyed Mary) jimsonweed kochia lambsquarters	mustard nettle old world diamond flower Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel & creeping woodsorrel) parsley-piert Pennsylvania smartweed pennywort (*dollarweed) pepperweed pigweed pineappleweed plantain poison ivy poison oak prostrate knotweed (*knotweed) puncturevine purple cudweed purslane ragweed redweed red sorrel (*sheep sorrel) roundleaf greenbriar shepherdspurse spotted spurge
cocklebur	jimsonweed	roundleaf greenbriar
dandelion dayflower	lawn burweed lespedeza, common	spurge sunflower
deadnettle	mallow, common	thistle
dock	matchweed	velvetleaf (*buttonweed)
dogfennel	mouseear chickweed	(cont. on next page)

BROADLEAF WEEDS (cont.)

Venice mallow
Veronica (*corn speedwell)
Virginia buttonweed
Virginia-creeper
western salsify
white clover (*Dutch clover,
honeysuckle clover, white

trefoil & purplewort)

*Synonyms

wild carrot wild garlic wild geranium wild lettuce wild mustard wild onion wild strawberry yarrow yellow rocket

USE PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR SOD FARMS, ORNAMENTAL LAWNS, AND TURFGRASS:

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Delay mowing 1 to 2 days before and after the application of this product.
- Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. Do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application.
- Treated areas may be reseeded 3 to 4 weeks after application.
- Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present.
- Use only lawn type sprayers. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area.
- Do not broadcast apply when air temperatures exceed 85°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 85°F.
- After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank
 cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides. Failure to observe the above precautions
 may result in injury.
- Some hybrid bermudagrass may be sensitive to this product. Contact your local Extension Service Weed Control Specialist.
- Do not apply this product to St. Augustinegrass during spring green-up which is the transition period between dormancy and active growth.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems
 or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

Limitations on broadcast treatments for ornamental turfgrass and sod farms:

The maximum application rate is 4.0 pints of product per acre per application (1.19 lb. 2,4-D ae, 0.32 lb. MCPP-p ae, and 0.11 lb. dicamba ae per acre per application). For ornamental turfgrass, the maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. For sod farms, the maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 8.0 pints of product per acre (2.38 lb. 2,4-D ae, 0.63 lb. MCPP-p ae, and 0.21 lb. dicamba ae per acre).

Limitations on spot treatments to residential turfgrass:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq. ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per application (0.32 lbs. MCPP-p acid equivalent per acre). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

Spray Drift Management

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of ground application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Droplet Size

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a Medium or more fine spray, apply only as a Medium or courser spray (ASAE) standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a Medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the target site.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

(cont. on next page)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (cont.)

For Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable with capacities greater than 5 gallons:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For Refillable Containers:

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Container cleaning: Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

(cont. on next page)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (cont.)

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in *Washington Toxics Coalition, et.al. v. EPA*, C01-0132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to EPA web site: http://www.epa.gov/espp.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

IMPORTANT: Read this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER before buying or using this product. By opening and using this product, buyer and all users agree to accept the terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER in their entirety and without exception. If the terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Damage to the treated article, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences can result from use of the product under abnormal conditions such as weather, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, etc. Such factors and conditions are beyond the control of the manufacturer, and BY PURCHASING AND USING THIS PRODUCT THE BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT AGREETO ACCEPT ALL SUCH RISKS. Buyer and all users further agree to assume all risks of loss or damage from the use of the product in any manner that is not explicitly set forth in or that is inconsistent with label instructions, warnings and cautions.

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described below. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF THE MANUFACTURER, FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. The Manufacturer must be promptly notified in writing of any claims, whether based in contract, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, to be eligible to receive either remedy stated above.

The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere. No employee or agent of the manufacturer or seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER-PELIGRO

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST.
OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND
FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · protective eyewear,
- · long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- · shoes and socks.
- · chemical-resistant gloves and
- chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. (cont. on next column)

First Aid (cont.)	
If on skin or on clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

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